

As outlined in the Canada Year Book, 1933, and the Canada Year Book, 1934-35, agreements were completed under the provisions of the Relief Act, 1932, with all the provinces except Prince Edward Island, providing for a non-recoverable expenditure of one-third of an amount not to exceed \$600 per family for the purpose of providing a measure of self-sustaining relief to families who would otherwise be in receipt of direct relief by placing such families on the land. It was provided that the remaining two-thirds of the expenditure should be contributed by the province and the municipality concerned. The agreements covered a period of two years and expired on Mar. 31, 1934.

Under the provisions of the Relief Act, 1934, agreements, effective from April 1, 1934, to Mar. 31, 1936, providing continuity of settlement with the agreements which expired Mar. 31, 1934, were entered into with all the provinces except Prince Edward Island and British Columbia. Provision is made in the 1934 agreements for an additional non-recoverable contribution by the Dominion, on the recommendation of the province and with the approval of the Governor in Council, of one-third of an amount not exceeding \$100 in the case of a settler who may not be self-supporting at the end of the two-year period, and for whom subsistence expenditure during the third year of settlement is deemed necessary. This additional amount for subsistence where necessary during the third year applies both to those settled under the 1932 agreement and those settled under the 1934 agreement.

Under authority of the present legislation (the Relief Act, 1935), an agreement respecting relief settlement has been entered into between the Dominion and the province of British Columbia, leaving Prince Edward Island the only province not participating in the plan.

Reports received from the provinces indicate that as at Nov. 30, 1935, there have been approved and settled under the agreements 4,343 settler families, while the total number of individuals settled under the scheme aggregate 22,800.

In the Prairie Provinces the Dominion has again undertaken to provide for the placement of single homeless unemployed persons on farms on a similar basis to that obtaining under previous relief legislation, namely, payment of \$5 per month to each person so placed, the Dominion contributing 100 p.c. of expenditures incurred in this connection, exclusive of the costs of administration. In the provinces of Manitoba and Alberta the arrangement is effective from Nov. 1, 1935, to Mar. 31, 1936, and in Saskatchewan from Nov. 9, 1935, to Mar. 31, 1936. In addition, the Dominion has agreed, under the 1935 Act, to continue contributing to certain special measures in the dried-out areas of the Prairie Provinces.

Continued operation of the camps established under the provisions of the Relief Act, 1932, at various points throughout Canada, also the special relief works carried out in the National Parks for the care of single homeless unemployed men and unemployed residents of the Parks are other measures being carried out by the Dominion under the provisions of the Relief Act, 1935.

The following table sets forth the Dominion's disbursements under relief legislation from 1930 to Nov. 30, 1935. A summary of the loans outstanding as at the same date is also shown.